SICK FROM HUNGER

ONLY TREATMENT 170 OHIOANS NEEDED WAS TO BE FED.

TEN DEATHS ON THE YUCATAN

IT IS CHARGED SHE LEFT CUBA WITHOUT PROPER SUPPLIES.

Second Massachusetts Left 200 Sick Men Behind When It Went Home -But Thirteen Men in One Company Were Able

NEW YORK, Aug. 27 .- Some of the nurses in the general hospital at Camp Wikoff are suffering from dysentery and orders were issued to-day that they be given more time to themselves for exercise. More nurses arrived to-day, and ten will reach camp early to take the places of those overworked until they are needed for duty. There are three male and four female nurses in each ward in day time.

When the Eighth Ohjo landed, nearly 300 were reported sick and were sent to the hospital, but it developed that 170 of the "sick" men were only suffering from hunger. When these men were fed, they were able to leave the hospital. They repeated stories of hardship encountered coming up from Cuba, and said it was almost impossible for them to get food.

One hundred and fifty men in the general hospital were allowed to go on sixty day furloughs to-day, as they had improved. When the transport Yucatan reached the

pier to-day and began to discharge the six companies of the Seventh United States infantry which she had brought from Santiago, it was learned that seven men had died on the passage and three more died last night while the ship lay in the bay waiting her turn to unload her human

The Yucatan had 200 sick men on board. It is alleged that the ship left Santiago without sufficient quantity of proper food or supplies for the sick, and that she reached here without any food but army rations, which the sick troopers were unable to eat. When General Wheeler learned of this state of affairs, he at once sen on board some proper supplies. The sick men are still on board the vessel, waiting until there is room for them in the hos

The Second Massachusetts left behind seven officers and 200 sick men in the hospitals. Altogether 560 men departed. As the men marched to the dock, 100 men dropped out of line, but were aided by their comrades, and were thus able to

continue until the boat was reached. The rough riders will leave camp about ten days. It is reported that they will be mustered out in New York, after their arrival, either in Madison square or Plaza square. The hospital report at Camp Wikoff to-day was as follows:

Cases in the general hospital, 1,129, of which 125 are typhoid; cases in the detention hospital, 1,430. Diphtheria in the detention hospital, four; in the general hospital, one. Deaths-Edgar R. Train, Company D. Second Massachusetts, typhoid fever; Charles Flynn, Company C. Twelfth

United States infantry, typhoid fever. There are four soldiers in St. John's hospital at Long Island City suffering from dysentery and exhaustion. They were picked up about the Long Island railroad depot early this morning. Three came from Camp nd the fourth from Camp Black. Joseph D. Garrity, of the Twenty-first infantry, was unconscious when found. He was on his way to his home in Saxonville, Mass., but when he reached here he was too weak to walk. The other men from Camp Wikoff were privates John Craig and Alexander Bullington, of a Tennessee regiment, and Charles Ogg. from Camp Black, was on his way to his home in Jersey City. All four men were said to be in a seriou condition to-day. The doctors think that Corrity may die.

LONDON, CONN., Aug. 27.-The sound steamer Block Island arrived at her slip in this city about 9:30 o'clock this morning from Montauk, bearing 550 members of the Second Massachusetts regiment U. S. V., from Camp Wikoff. The men, as a rule, presented a sorry spectacle. Some idea of their condition may be had from the statement of them that in one company alone, Company H, but thirteen men were able to walk from their tents to the boat. Accompanying the troops were thirteen line officers out of thirty-six who left Massachusetts when the regiment started for the

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27 .- A report was in circulation to-day that Surgeon General George M. Sternberg, of the army, had asked Secretary Alger to order a general investigation of the medical department of

Secretary Alger said to-night, however, that such a request had not reached him. and Surgeon General Sternberg refused to say whether he had asked or intended to ask for a general investigation. He called attention to the fact, however, that he had asked for an investigation of the conditions of Camp Thomas, Chickamauga.

"There is no necessity," he said, "for an investigation at Camp Wikoff, as Secretary Alger has inspected it. Colonel Forwood chief surgeon at Camp Wikoff, has had the benefit of a wide experience and he has been given full authority to order anything required in the way of medical supplies, bedding, etc., from the medical supply depot of New York, Supply officers have been directed to fill all his requisitions at once without reference to the surgeon general for his approval, so there is

no red tape.'

Statements made at the war department to-day indicate that efforts are making to alleviate the suffering in the camps. The surgeon general reports that, up to the 8th day of August, there nad been sent to Chickamauga camp, 3,428 cots and bedsteads, 6,536 gray blankets, 7,339 cotton sheets and 3,250 mosquito bars. Another statement shows the number of nurses which have been provided for the different camps where hospitals are established as follows: Fort Myer, Va., sixty-three, Fort McPherson, Ga., (ten en route) fortysix. Fort Thomas, Ky., (five en route) Fort Monroe, Va., thirty-eight. Hospital ship Relief, sixty-one. Hospital Hospital ship Relief, sixty-one. Hospital ship Hudson, two. Hospital ship Missouri, ten. Hospital train, three. At large, one. Key West, Fla. (three ordered to Huntsville, Ala.), 9. Santiago de Cuba, 172, Leiter, Chickamauga (five en route), 38. Hospitals at Chickamauga other than Leiter, en route or on duty, 122. Sheridan Point, Va., 2. Fernandina, Fla. (en route or on duty), 20. Camp Alger, 10. Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point (en route or on duty), 58. Tampa, 20. Camp Alger, 10. Camp vison, solutions, Point (en route or on duty), 58. Tampa, Pia., 11. Jacksonville, Fla. (en route or on duty), 59. Porto Rico, 6. Total, 878.

In addition to the above list, there are over 6,000 members of the hospital corps whose services are available as nurses.

GROSSLY EXAGGERATED.

Yellow Journal Accounts of Conditions at Camp Thomas Have

Small Basis in Fact. CHICKAMAUGA PARK, GA., Aug. 22.-The sickness at Camp Thomas has been greatly exaggerated by articles that have recently been published in some parts of the country. While there are all told about 1,500 sick soldlers in the hospitals at this park, only about 500 of this number are pronounced typhold fever cases, and a majority of these are not of a virulent type. statement is borne out by the death

rate. For instance, at the Sternberg hospital, where there are 470 patients, the death rate has been one and one-half per day, or three patients lost every two days.

Immediately upon the opening of the Sternberg hospital on the 16th instant, all the most virulent cases of typhoid fever were transferred to it from the division and regimental hospitals. Instead of deaths by the wholesale, a visit to the Sternberg hospital reveals that a large majority of the patienets are improving and that, as a rule, they are cheereful and hopeful. In ten days ninety patients have so far recovered as to be sent home on furloughs. Major Giffin, who constructed the Sternberg hospital, and who, as the surgeon in charge, is watching closely after its details, has a right to be proud of the work it is accomplishing. The hospital covers about fifteen acres of ground and consists of 200 tents and thirteen pine wood pavilions, each of the latter being 18 by 56 feet and provided with beds for the accommoda

tion of twenty patients. The total capacity

of the hospital is 1,000 patients. The bed-

steads are of iron, on which are woven wire mattresses, on which is laid an elegant hair mattress, six inches in thickness gant hair mattress, six inches in thickness. Through the surgeon general the hospital is supplied with all the delicacies necessary, including ice, milk, spring chickness, etc. The hospital is provided with a crematory in which all refuse matter is reduced to ashes, while Major Giffen added a disinfectant plant in which all linens are thoroughly disinfected before being sent out for laundry.

INSANE THROUGH HORROR.

Mother and Two Sisters of an Volunteer to Go to an

Asylum. MARIETTA, O., Aug. 27.-The mother and two sisters of Okey P. Eddy, of the Eighth Ohio, who, it is reported, died of starvation on a transport while coming home from Cuba, have become insane through horror and grief at the death of the young man and the manner in which it occurred. When the news was received, It occurred. When the news was received, the mother became frantic with grief and the children were hysterical. The two sisters, Bertha and Vesta, soon became uncontrollable, as did the mother, and after a day it became apparent that all were becoming insane. The mother has to be guarded at all times. She has attempted suicide several times. It will be necessary to take all three to an asylum.

TO FIGHT FOR A SILVER PLANK Conference of Silver Democrats Albany, N. Y., Decides Upon a

Plan of Action. ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 27 .- A conference of silver Democrats held in this city today resolved to fight for the recognition of free silver by the Democratic state convention at Syracuse in September and to advocate the nomination of candidates at that convention who were known to silver men in 1896. The conference resolved to hold a convention in Syracuse on Sep-

to hold a convention in Syracuse on Sep-tember 27, the day preceding the meeting of the Democratic state convention. It will be composed of three delegates from each assembly district.

The memorial resolution adopted de-mands that the state convention shall nominate candidates who carnestly sup-ported and were at the time known to be supporters of the platform and candidates of the Democratic national convention at supporters of the platform and candidates of the Democratic national convention at Chicago in 1896. It demands that the convention reaffirm the platform of the state convention held in Buffalo in 1896, and desires that the following plank be pixed

platform:

e Democratic party, true to the tradi-"The Democratic party, true to the tradi-tions of its past, and loyal to the will of a majority of its regularly chosen delegates, when convened in national convention, hereby declares that it is the duty of every loyal Democrat to stand by and upon the Chicago platform of 1896, which we recog-nize as a fundamental law not to be ai-tered until the national convention of 1990 should adopt another."

QUEER "REPUBLICANISM."

California "Silver Republicans" De clare for 16 to 1 and Denounce the Dingley Law.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Aug. 27.-The first state convention of the Silver Republican party ever held in California convened her this morning. The convention was called to order by Judge J. N. Phillips, chairman of the state central committee. hundred delegates, representing thirty-five countles of the state, were present. M. Dixon, of Sacramento, was elected permanent chairman. The report of the committee on platform, which was adopted, reaffirms fealty to the principles of the Reaffirms fealty to the principles of the Republican party as enunciated by Abraham Lincoln and James G. Blaine, reaffirms that plank in the platform of the Democratic party in 1896 declaring in favor of the free coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. The Dingley law is condemned, as is also the action of the administration in issuing bonds to carry on the war, but the declaration of war with Spain is indorsed as necessary for the freedom of Cuba. The construction of the Nicaragua canal by the United States is indorsed. James G. Maguire was nominated for governor by acclamation and the entire fusion ticket was indorsed.

WHERE IS JOHNSON JORDAN? One of the Principal Witnesses in the Collins Case Turns Up Missing.

TOPEKA, Aug. 27-(Special.) Johnson fordan, one of the principal witnesses in the John Henry Collins case, who has been under surveillance at Newton for some weeks, since his release from jail, has lisappeared from there. He left several days ago and not the slightest trace has he left as to his destination or intentions. The offias to his destination or intentions. The offi-cers here profess no alarm and state that Jordan will be on hand at the proper time. It is hinted that he has been spirited away. This idea is scouted by those interested in the case, and it is asserted that this im-portant testimony will be taken without any difficulty, as Jordan will show up in time for the trial.

PARDON FOR A JOINTIST.

overnor Leedy Continues to Shower His Favors Upon Lawbreakers.

TOPEKA, Aug. 27.—(Special.) Governor Leedy's sympathy with violators of the liquor law in Kansas was displayed again to-day when he pardoned Frank Stine from the Shawnee county jall. Stine was fined \$100 and sentenced to thirty days in

jail. The governor said:
"I have what I regard as reliable information, that Stine was employed as a janitor and not as a bartender in the joint. He has worked out \$5 of the fine and served the full time, and I think that is punishment enough."

STABBING AT A C. E. SOCIAL. Law Partner of W. E. Stanley Badly Cut by One of a Crowd of

Hoodlums.

WICHITA, KAS., Aug. 27 .- At a Christian Endeavor social last evening some boodlums interfered with the guests. Earl Evans, a law partner of the Republican candidate for governor, W. E. Stanley, candidate for governor, v. 2. Statisty, Alfred Lewis and Walter Vincent undertook to drive them off, when the hoodlums used knives, severely cutting Evans, whose wounds are dangerous, and badly injuring the others. Four boys have been arrested.

Cleveland Broker a Suicide.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 27.—Harry S.
Stevens, a well known broker, committed suicide at 5 o'clock this afternoon by shooting himself three times in the left breast and once in the right temple at his home on Genesce avenue. He was 43 years old and leaves a wife and two children. Business troubles are thought to have been the

Oklahoman Beaten to Death. GUTHRIE. O. T., Aug. 27.—(Special.) David Campbell, aged 50, was assaulted by unknown parties at Tecumseh last night and beaten to death with a club while re-turning to his home about 9 o'clock.

Asking for Information.—Farmer—"That field there is tobacco." Visitor—"Is that so? What ordinary looking plants! When do they-er-besin to plug out?"—Puck.

GERMANY WISHES TO BE CONSULT-ED AS TO THE PHILIPPINES.

INTEREST MANIFESTED IN FAR EASTERN CONTEST.

Emperor William Assumes Control of the Firemen During a Blaze at Wilhelmshohe-Lillian Russell Draws Big Houses in Berlin.

(Copyrighted, 1898, by the Associated Press.) BERLIN, Aug. 7.-The German press continues to discuss the peace conditions from various view points, a majority of the papers according to the United States high praise for the moderation the American government has displayed. Most of them seem to expect that difficulties will arise over the ultimate disposition and ontrol of the Philippines, but, as a rule the arguments advanced are repetitions and

threadbare. The Konische Zeitung's editorial may be worth quoting, as there is the best reason for believing that it was inspired. It says "Before a definite peace is concluded, considerable time must clapse. Meanwhile, the international situation in the Philip pines and the far East generally may have changed materially. It is not likely that Spain and the United States will agree to a lefinite settlement of the Philippine ques tion without taking the advice of the pow ers interested, particularly Russia and

France. The foreign office maintains absolute reticence as to the present attitude of the government on the subject.

The most important events of the week in domestic politics have been the national convention at Crefeld, Rhenish Prussia, and the attitude adopted by the Socialist party toward the coming diet elections. The Crefeld convention, for the first time, took distinctly friendly tone toward the government. Bishop Schimtz, of Cologne, eloquently expressed strictly loyal sentiments A telegram sent to Emperor William assuring him of the loyalty of the 7,000 del egates of the German Catholics assembled and his reply to it were the notable feat ures of the occasion.

Another noticeable departure was a reolution adopted by the convention to es tablish Catholic societies everywhere in Germany. This was a strategic move designed to compete with the peasant federation of Bayaria. It was also significant that the death of Prince Bismarck, the author of the Kulturkampf, instead of be ing used as a basis for hostile comment drew out a few semi-laudatory remarks one speaker contending that, if Bismarck were alive and chancellor, he would have signed ere now a bill to recall the Jesuits

The various socialist local election com mittees have decided upon their course of action with regard to the diet election. In Berlin, an overwhelming majority has re olved not to participate, as, under the three class election system, the socialists have no chance of electing their candi-dates. On the other hand, Breslau, Erfurt, Frankfurt, Lebus, Schleusingen, Bielsfeld, Elberfeld, Einbeck, Brandenburg and other towns have decided to run their own candidates or to support Freisinnige candidates. In a number of other districts, the socialists have concluded to participate penly in the elections, which may mean the ruin of many socialists.

Much interest is displayed in the outopinions of the renowned Austrian Orient list, M. Vanbery, in a Vienna magazine meet with some support. He believes that all the advantages Russia has gained in China can only benefit her in the remote future, when Russian industry and commerce become able to compete with Brit-

"Such a despotically governed people," he says, "cannot develop rapidly; while, on the other hand, the Chinese are awakening and their Anglo-American schooling is creating a desire for development. Should England join her interests to those of America and Japan, she would gain her ends, despite Port Arthur, Russian railways and Russian banks."

Prince Bismarck's memoirs are now in Berlin. Privy Councilor Kroner received a special hint from the government and bought the bulky manuscript, which is now undergoing examination. There is, however, a duplicate manuscript at Friedrichs ruhe, and, as the text was dictated by Bismarck personally, the family will not submit to any considerable changes or abbreviations.

At Wilhelmshohe on Wednesday consternation was caused by the discovery that one of the chimneys was afire. The palace was soon filled with smoke and the members of the imperial family were driven into the open air. Emperor William, however, promptly took control of the firemen and the flames were soon extinguished.

There is unusual activity in the ship yards at Kiel, Sviettin, Elbing and Hamburg. The government has placed a number of orders among them, including commissions for six big torpedo boat destroyers, of thirty-three knots speed, to be ready for serv-ice early next year. In addition are orders from Russia, Spain, Brazil and the Argentine. It is a curious fact that the govern-ment has ordered the Vulcan shipbuilding works to pay a duty of 261,000 marks on the floating dock built in England although the company cites against the ruling the provision of the German tariff law, which declares that vessels are free of duty.

It is announced that the navy department has secured "for important technical purposes" 1,300 photographs of the new cruise; Hertha when traveling at a speed of nineteen knots. The photographs were taken in a few minutes by a new instrument, the

The big army maneuvers to commence on September 3 will be under the personal direction of Emperor William. They will include, it is reported, interesting and comprehensive experiments with pigeons, bicy-cles, and airships. Among the airships will be one of an absolutely new type. During a certain stage of the maneuvers the emperor will assume personally the chief com-mand. His military suite will include General Von Hank, General Von Plessin and General Von Scholl.

Miss Lillian Russell is appearing before crowded houses. The newspaper comments upon her work are favorable. Her manager is negotiating for a series of performances in Madrid. United States Senator Hernandez de Soto

Money has been here several days consulting a famous oculist.

Flagmaker Crimmins Dead.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—James J. Crimmins, master flagmaker of the Brooklyn navy yard, is dead. Since the war broke out Crimmins has worked day and night to turn out the great number of flags and ensigns required by the government for war nursesses. Crimmins, was 64 years old. war purposes, Crimmins was 64 years old, and had been in the United States navy

for twenty-nine years. Kite Record Broken.

BLUE HILL, MASS., Aug. 27.—The world's record for high kite fight was broken at Mr. Rotch's observatory by Messrs. Clayton and Ferguson, who dispatched a tandem of kites into the air, until the highest one reached an altitude until the highest one reached an altitude while has reached an altitude while has reached an altitude while has reached

Be Completed Before Con-

gress Adjourns. BOSTON, Aug. 27 .- Senator Frye, of Maine, a member of the peace commission, passed through Boston on his way from Washington to Maine to-day. In an interview Senator Frye stated that he was

reluctant to accept the position.
"President McKinley did me the honor to say that he particularly wanted me to serve on the commission," said the com-"What his reasons were, though, I must decline to tell you. Neither can I say what will be the terms of the United States that will be offered by the United States commissioners to those of Spain when the commissioners meet in Paris. 1 hold everything that transpired between myself and the president confidential. The ommissioners of the two nations will arrange the terms and draw up a treaty, but that treaty must pass the gauntlet of the senate. The senate will meet in December, and, while there is no telling when the commission will conclude its labors, I hope that the treaty will be ready to lay before the senate during its next session.
"It is expected that, if arrangements can

nade for accommodations, the commis-will sail from New York on September sion will sail from New 1972 on September 17. That is as far as we know at present. Senator Frye declined to state his position regarding expansion and stated that it was impossible to tell what the commission would decide upon.

sion would decide upon.
"Porto Rico, of course, will go to the
United States," he said, "and the Ladrone
islands. So much was settled by the protocol. Beyond that nothing can be told
inst not.

just now."

In discussing the question as to whether or not the United States will be likely to demand more than Manila and the island of Luzon, Senator Frye said:

"There are other islands in the Philippines that are valuable. The commissioners, you understand, can exact whatever trade benefits they wish. Outside the conquered territory, it cannot now be toid what will be demanded."

MATANZAS' NEFD IS GREAT.

Clara Barton Wants All the Comal's Supplies Sent to That

Niskern and Captain Niels, in charge of the provisions on board the Comal, to-day called on General Blanco. They left the palace satisfied. Major Niskern said that he was as yet ignorant as to whether he would discharge the provision wholly or partially at Havana or go to Matanzas. Miss Barton has expressed a desire that all provisions should be sent to Matanzas, as she has found that they are more needed there than here.

The exports from Havana yesterday were 894 bales of tobacco and 2,000,000 cigars. The municipal authorities demand that cattle be dlowed to be imported free of duty, but the Marquis de Montero, the colonial financial secretary, objects. The present duty on cattle is \$6 per head and meat is selling on cattle is 36 per near and meat is sening at 60 cents a pound. The Marquis de Mon-tero has authorized the withdrawal of goods from the custom house.

There were exported yesterday by steam-er from Matanzas 1.23 bales of tobacco, 2.023.475 cigars and \$15,000 in silver for New

The steamer Philadelphia has arrived arrying a general cargo and thirty pas-

engers. Miss Clara Barton, of the American Red Cross Society, returned this morning from Matanzas. The Clinton, the Red Cross steamer, has not yet discharged a packige of her goods. The British military attache who has been

for the United States on Monday on th steamer Lydia, as will also Venezuelan Consul Pinalgo, who has been recalled.

DENVER'S BENEFIT FETE.

Between Ten and Fifteen Thousand People at Senator Wolcott's Home Yesterday.

DENVER, COL., Aug. 27.-Ten to fifteen thousand persons attended the fete given this afternoon and evening at Wolhurst, the beautiful country seat of Senator Edward O. Wolcott, fifteen miles south of Denver. The object was to raise money for the use of the Colorado Soldiers' Aid Society in caring for soldier's families and for the sick and wounded in the American armies. Welhurst contains 1,000 acres, large part of which is laid out in a beautiful park, and including a lake nearly a mile in length. The grounds have all been turned over to the fete committee.

A temporary theater was erected, where several professional and amateur entertainers appeared. The outdoor programme included a sham battle between

ompanies of regular soldiers from Fort logan and military and athletic contests. WATCHMAKERS STRIKE.

One of the Two Assembling Rooms the Elgin Company Is

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 27 .- A strike is on the plant of the Elgin National Watch Company, which threatens to tie up the corks. One hundred and twenty-two finishers, the most skilled and formerly the best paid men in the factory, have gone out on strike for a restoration of their old pay on a certain grade of work, and about thirty women and girls have struck with them from sympathy and a desire to get rid of a foreman who is blamed for the wages. The strike has tied up of the two assembling rooms of the Elgin ant, and the employes in the other say sey are only waiting for a call from the waiting for a call from the Watchmakers' union to strike, too. Officials of the watch company say it will be practically impossible, for some time at least, to obtain skilled finishers to take

DONIPHAN COUNTY ROW. ounty Treasurer Devereaux Sued by a Wathena Man for \$10,000

Damages. ST. JOSEPH, MO., Aug. 27.-W. B. Devereaux, treasurer of Doniphan county, Kas., has been sued in court here for \$10, 000 damages by E. V. Snively, of Wathena, Kas. Some time ago Devereaux had Ras, Some time ago beteraa had Snively arrested on charge of fraudulently receiving \$7,000 from Michael Bauer, his business partner, who was Devereaux predecessor and a defaulter. Bauer said he had loaned that amount to Snively. Snively was acquitted in a Kansas court. The partles to the suit are prominent in business and politics.

ness and politics. CLAY AND HIS GIRL WIFE. It Is Said That the Aged Kentuckian Has Applied for a

Divorce.

LEXINGTON, KY., Aug. 27.-There is current story, which many here believe, that Cassius M. Clay has filed at Richnond, Ky., a petition for divorce from his child wife, Dora Richardson. At Richmond, and at the home of Mr. Clay, the story cannot be verified, inasmuch as all concerned are non-committal on the sub-

Vesuvius Is at New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—Admiral Sampson's squadron down the bay has been increased by the arrival of the Vesuvius. The dynamite cruiser—hurler of earthquakes, as the Spaniards christened it—came up from Guantanamo, Cuba, whence it sailed on August 18, under orders from the department to proceed to New York.

Buys a Farm for His Girl Wife. PINKARD, KY., Aug. 27.—General Cassius M. Chay to-day bought a farm near here for his child wife. Dora Richardson, who still refuses to live with him. He declares he will provide for her as long as she lives

TO ADVISE WORK OF PEACE COMMISSION. Week of Our Big August Emptying-Out Sale Last Week

To-morrow is the beginning of the end of our Great August Emptying-Out Sale. For the coming six days we will shrivel up the prices on hundreds of lines of goods until our thousands of customers will come and gladly take them away. It will be a sort of chaotic week, because in the midst of this final cleaning out period new goods will be tumbling in and they must have shelf and counter room at once. Willing hands will do everything possible to make shopping easy and any inconvenience that may be suffered will be amply paid for in a de.uge of sterling big bargains. These are some of the values that will be on call to-morrow. Come for your share of them-

Men's plain white Hand-kerchiefs, to-morrow, 4 for

10 Cents.

morow.

Boys' 20c Golf Caps, to-

8 Cents.

Men's \$1.00 Crash Pants, to

Men's \$3.50 Worsted Pants,

Best Opaque Cloth Window Shades, worth 55c, to-mor-row.

23 Cents.

Best Felt Window Shades, worth 19c, to-morrow,

714 Cents.

1-qt. bottle Writing Fluid, usually 30c, to-morrow.

19 Cents.

German Concert Harmon-icas, double noted, worth 25c, to-morrow.

10 Cents.

63 Cents.

o-morrow, \$2.00.

Third Floor.

Violets, per bunch,

Walking Hats each.

1 Cent.

10 Cents.

Ladies' Lawn Wrappers, trimmed with embroidery, regular price, \$1.50, at, each,

63 Cents.
Ladies' black duck Dress
Skirts, trimmed with 5 rows
of white duck, \$1.50 kind, at,

63 Cents.

One lot Corsets, in broken sizes, white and drab, per-fect fitting, regular 35c and 50c corsets, to-morrow choice

19 Cents.

Extra heavy China Mat-ting, checks and stripes, worth 25c and 35c, to-mor-row, yer pard,

10 Cents.

morrow, a yard,

Fourth Floor.

Extra heavy half wool in

grain Carpet, a good line of patterns, worth 60c, to-

42 Cents.

1-lb frames new Honey, to-

12 Cents.

6 Cents.

25 Cents.

Gapes, per basket, to-mor-

14 bars World Beater Soap,

Tin top Jelly Glasses, reg-ular price per dozen 23c, to-11-4 Cotton Blankets, worth 75c, to-morrow, per pair, 15 Cents. 50 Cents. Granite Iron Dippers, 190 size, to-morrow, for Mill lengths Canton Flan-tel, worth Stac, to-morrow,

nel, worth per yard, 6 Cents. 5 Cents. No. 9 Teakettles, made of best quality IX tin, and sold regularly for 33c, to-morrow, each, One lot Shirting Prints, to morrow, per yard, 15 Cents. 3 Cents. Cream colored finishing Braid, always sold at 5c, to-Second Floor.

morrow, a bolt, 1 Cent. Beauty Pins, assorted pat-terns, always sold at 5c, to-morrow, each, 1 Cent.

Sterling Silver Rings, al-ways sold at 25c, to-morrow, 7 Cents. Your choice of our 15c and 9c Shirt Waist Sets, tomorrow, a set. 5 Cents.

All colors Silk and London tun Hairnets, to-morrow, 2 5 Cents. Stone Jars, from 2 to 10 gals., and 1-gal. White Stone 5 Cents.

Best grade Ironstone China
7-inch Plates, regular price
per set of 6 38c, to-morrow,
per set,

29 Cents.

OLD AND YOUNG KISS SCHLEY.

The Admiral Receives a Most Demon

strative Greeting at the Navy

Department.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.-Admiral Schley

department to-day. He came to the depart-

to the navy department until it was impos

N. E. Corner

6th and Main.

Point.

HAVANA, Aug. 27.-The steamer Comal arrived here this morning. She carries a million rations. The steamer Macedonia, with a general cargo and twenty-two pas-

sengers, also arrived to-day.

The British military attache who has been in Cuba watching the military operations is about to leave for Santiago, whence he will proceed to New York.

Captain Stewart Brice, son of ex-United States Senator Brice, and who is a member of General Shafter's staff, will sail for the United States worden on the

of excitement among the villagers. A houseboat from the Devonport dock yard well, we may have fairly got used to wind, had been fitted with a platform level with mist and snow-but we hardly liked it! had been fitted with a platform level with the gunwale and this was brought alongside the Osborne and made fast. The platform. eing lashed to the yacht, furnished a means of egress for the prince's invalid chair. A carriage from the stables of the Earl of Edgcombe, whom the prince visited, was in waiting, and in this his royal high-ness was installed in the most careful man-ner by four sailors from the yacht. The prince drove for two hours, but the horses were never allowed to move at a faster pace than a walk.

have been granted:

MISSOURI.

Original—Densil P. Wailing, Bancroft, 26; Lebrecht Ehlenteck, Washington, 36; Wiley M. Crowder, Hart, 38; William McMaster, St. Louis, 38; Nephi Owen, Lake City, 36.

Renewal—James M. Wray, Pennsboro, 36.

Increase—James Edwards, Cameron, 312 to 314.

Reissue and increase—John Creek, Carrollton, 315 to 324.

ARKANSAS CITY, KAS., Aug. 27.—
Captain Amos Walton, a resident of
Kansas since 1857, died here last
night aged 60 years. In 1868 he was a
member of the legislature from Douglas
county. He served during the civil war
in the Ninth Kansas cavalry, with distinc-

Writ of Habeas Corpus.

DAYS IN THE ARCTIC.

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Dreariness of Perpetual Darkness and Want of Companionship.

From Harper's Magazine. Life in the Arctic is a serious matter, and one not to be lightly undertaken. Nev-

received a great demonstration at the navy office. His presence in the building had be- a reindeer skin made a capital substitute. come known, however, and as soon as he Looking back on the experience of 1,000 was seen cheers rent the air from the clerks days spent in the most northerly inhabitwho had assembled to catch a glimpse of ed hut in the world-for our quarters were the hero of Santiago. The officers and on the 80 degree North latitude—I certain-clerks from the navy, state and war de-clerks from the navy, state and war de-petual darkness and want of companionpartments crowded the corridors leading up ship.
For six men to be boxed up three years sible to pass through. They crowded around the admiral, eagerly reaching forward to shake his hand. The lady clerks were even more demonstrative, and the admiral was kissed by old and young without discrimination. It was finally necessary to form a line and pass the crowd around through the large rooms of the secretary's office in order to give them a chance to shake hands with the admiral. Many prominent army officers took part in the demonstrations. The admiral finally escaped into Crowinshield's office.

For six men to be boxed up three years in a hut twenty feet long by twenty feet wide, and only seven feet high, never seeing any other being nor hearing a scrap of news, is a trying existence, yet I can unhesitatingly say no joiller or happier little party ever lived in Northern latitudes. Four months of solid night every year has, however, a depressing effect, not only on the spirits, but on the appetite, and it also destroys sleep. Morning, noon and night become unrecognizable, merged into one endes gloom, and but for the welcome advent of the moon once a month.

der to give them a chance to shake hands with the admiral. Many prominent army officers took part in the demonstrations. The admiral finally escaped into Crowinshield's office.

ANNAPOLIS, MD., Aug. 27.—Admiral Schley arrived here from Washington this evening and went to the home of his sisters-in-law, the Misses Franklin. A large crowd that filled the streets adjacent to the station applauded him and many shook his hands. The admiral was tendered a reception this evening by the Annapolitan Club.

PRINCE OF WALES ASHORE.

Left the Royal Yacht Osborne Yesterday for the First Time in a Month.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—The Prince of Wales to-day made his first landing from the royal yacht Osborne in a month, going ashoro at Mount Edgeumbe, Devonport, after elaborate preparations, amid a flurry of excitement among the villagers. A

quite common.

They say eels get used to skinning.

CHILDREN'S READING.

Early Youth Is the Period to Lay Foundation of Literary Knowledge.

The idea that children need childish books after they learn to read with any intelligence is a fallacy that has grown TROUBLE IN THE LADRONES.

Spain Has Asked for Permission for Spaniards There to Go to Manila.

MADRID, Aug. 27.—Negotiations have been opened with Washington to obtain permission for the Spaniards in the Ladrone islands to go to Manila, as the situation in the Ladrones is extremely critical.

Great preparations are being made at Vigo and Pontavedra for the repatriated soldiers who are expected to arrive there shortly. All possible sanitary precautions are being taken.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—While Acting Scentland of Linkey Washington, aug. 27.—While Acting Scentland of Linkey Washington to obtain the Ladrones is extremely critical.

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WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—While Acting Scentland of Linkey Washington to obtain the Ladrones is extremely critical.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—While Acting Scentland of English fields at a last generation. A child of 10 who has a taste for reading is the most fortunate of creatures. She has about eight years in which to lay a solid foundation of literary knowledge. Ask any man or woman who knows the whole ground of English fiction and poetry when he had the time to read "everything." He will tell you—or, more often, she will tell you—or, more often, up with the last generation. A child of 10

shortly. All possible sanitary precautions are being taken.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—While Acting Secretary of State Moore said to-night that the state department was without information from the Ladrone islands, it is learned that the war department has received advices confirming the Associated Press dispatch from Madrid. Beyond this, nothing can be learned. The officials refuse to discuss the dispatch or reveal the nature of the trouble.

PENSIONS.

the deal, she learned so read the meanings obtained that the war department has received advices confirming the Associated Press dispatch from Madrid. Beyond this, nothing that the war department has received advices confirming the Associated Press dispatch from Madrid. Beyond this, nothing that the brilliant, vivid, simple work of the milk and water of children's books, generally written by mediocre writers, when the brilliant, vivid, simple work of the masters lies dust collecting in the library.

Sleep and Don't Worry.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The following pensions have been granted:

MISSOURI.

Original—Densil P. Walling, Bancroft, 38: Lebrecht Ehlenbeck, Washington, 46; Wiley M. Crowder, Hart, St. William McMaster, St. Louis, 48: Nephi Owen, Lake City, 36.

Renewal—James M. Wray, Pennaboro, 45.

Renewal—James Edwards, Cameron, 312 to 314.

Reissue and increase—John Creek, Carrollton, 315 to 32.

Original—M. R. William Grebe, Bonner Springs, 317: Nathaniel Black, Fort Scott, 38.

Additional—Michael McCormick, National Military home, Leavenworth, 38 to 310; Enos Buckner, Burlington, 36 to 38.

Increase—Stephen Franklin, Kansas City, 36 to 38.

Kingston's New Court House.

HAMILTON, MO., Aug. 27.—(Special.)

The cornerstone to the new court house at Kingston, in this county, was laid to-day with imposing ceremonies by the Masonic fraternity. There were fully 2.09 people present. S. C. Rogers, of Kingston, officiated as grand master. He was assisted by representatives from all the Masonic lodges of the county. Bands were in attendance and the affair was made a gala day for Kingston. W. S. Leeper was the orator of the day.

Captain Amos Walton Dead.

ARKANSAS CITY, KAS., Aug. 27.—Captain Amos Walton, a resident of

To Keep Out American Horses.

NANTES, Aug. 27.—The general council to-day adopted a resolution declaring that, as the importation of American horses has so increased as to have become a menace to the breeding of French horses, urgent restrictive measures regarding such importation should be taken. A regulation was issued that every horse imported should have its origin branded under its name.

SAN FRANCISCO. Aug. 27.—The attorneys for Mrs. Cordelia Botkin applied for and were granted a writ of habeas corpus by Judge Carroll Cook to-day. The writ was made returnable next Monday morning and was granted on the usual grounds in such cases, that the prisoner was "illegally restrained of her liberty."

was issued that every horse imported should have its origin branded under its name.

"There are ways and ways of breaking the ice." said the diner out. "I once took a girl out to dinner whose first remark to me was: "Do you talk or listen?" "—Tit-Bits.

THREE-MILLION DOLLAR BOOK

Fresh roasted Peanuts, to-

Kodiak brand Columbia river Salmon, a can,

9 Cents.

3 cans for 25c. Alaska Silver Salmon,

5 Cents.

3 Cents.

1-lb cans red kidney Beans,

1-lb cans Arm and Hammer brand Soda, regularly 10c, in this sale, per pkg.,

3 Cents.

1-lb cans Baked Beans in Tomato Sauce, each,

3 Cents.

2 Cents.

No. 9 Whitewash Brushes, practically perfect condition,

10 Cents.

No. 2 Pearl Top Lamp Chimneys, worth in a regu-lar stock 10c, in this sale,

5 Cents.

23 Cents.

29 Cents.

Horsford's 1-lb cans Baking

wder, perfect condition, value, in this sale, a can,

doz. 3-hoop Wooden in this sale, each,

N. E. Corner

6th and Main.

each,

J. L. Blacking, per box,

morrow, per quart, 3 Cents.

Sixth Floor.

One of Uncle Sam's Most Expensive Publications-Official History

of the Civil War. The present war with Spain has stirred up many an otherwise indifferent boy or ment in the early morning, and, after call- er to sleep in a bed for three years, or girl to read the histories of our naval ment in the early morning, and, after calling upon Acting Secretary Allen, he emerging upon Acting Secretary Allen, he emerging upon Acting Secretary Allen, he emerging upon Acting Secretary Secretary's low-is merely a bagatelle, as the floor and at all the libraries the demand for such books is unique in the history of the institutions. There is one history, how-ever, which will not be accessible to the average reader, but in the present crisis average reader, but in the present crisis some facts about this most expensive book in the world may be of general interest. The book to which I refer is the official history of the civil war. Before it is finally completed it will have cost our government about \$5,000,000. Probably no other book in the world ever cost one-tenth of this enormous sum. Rare editions of Diekens, Thackeray or aDnte cannot touch this history in the matter of cost. It is true that this history is composed of 112 volumes of massive proportions, but that does not alter the fact that it is one continuous story-practically one book.

alter the fact that it is one continuous story—practically one book.

This latest reminder to us of the enormous expense of war is probably justified by the circumstances, for its publication brings out clearly all the details of the war according to the latest reports from leading participants on both sides, and it will tend to settle definitely disputed points of that great historical drama. The official history will be complete and authoritative, and all future writers must appeal to it as a final resort. The atlas which accompanies the book contains 471 plates, illustrating the important forts, campaigns companies the book contains 471 plates illustrating the important forts, campaigns and battlefields. These pictures are nearly

and battlefields. These pictures are nearly all taken from photographs, and are not the ideal conceptions of an artist. Therefore they have the value of accuracy.

The printing and binding of this expensive book has cost the government over a million dollars up to date, while more than another million has been spent in salaries, rent and stationery, for the purchase of photographs and private papers of individuals. The work is not yet finished, but in a year or two a copy of the great undertaking may be looked for in all of the leading libraries. Less than 100,000 copies will be printed at first, for it is not expected that the demand for it will be enormous. While the book will be authoritative, it will contain much that is very dry and uninteresting to the average reader, and hence will never be very popular.

tain much that is very dry and uninteresting to the average reader, and hence will never be very popular.

In one consecutive history may be found all the war material and reports of commanders of armies, corps, brigades and regiments deposited in both the Federal and Confederate state archives. As both sides of the struggle will have free representation in the work, the history cannot be raid to be impartial. South as well as North tells its own story. As the joint production of the two great sides in that war, it will make for a better understanding between these two sections of our country. It will be a book that a whole-one and indivisible—nation can contemplate with pride are honor. Even though it cost \$2,000,000 it will more than repay the seemingly enormous outlay, for it will leave for future generations a complete impartial account of our greatest national struggle, thereby preventing blased opinions and prejudices from being handed down.

Responsibility for Armenian Horrors From Harper's Magazine.

"Do you believe that any massacres would have taken place if no Armenian revolutionaries had come into the country and incited the Armenian population to rebellion?" was asked of Mr. Graves, the able bellion?" was asked of Mr. Graves, the able bellion?" was asked of Mr. Graves, the able and by no means Turcophile English consul at Erzeroum.
"Certainly not," he replied. "I do not believe that a single Armenian would have been killed."
Mr. Graves is a high authority, besides being a cultivated gentleman, and I feel

been killed."

Mr. Graves is a high authority, besides being a cultivated gentleman, and I feel sure he will not object to my citing him in this most important matter. But even if I were not able to quote this most weighty opinion, I could cite a number of others, consular, missionary, and layman authorities of divers nationalities, and one and all have only been able to give me the same reply to my simple but pregnant question. More than this, many of the best judges of the state of affairs in Asiatic Türkey not only admit this, but they saw long beforehand that the action of the Armenian revolutionary committees would infallibly result in bringing about the wholesale shedding of human blood. Mr. Dawson, the missionary at Kharput, frankly and deploringly said as much a year ago to Reouf Pacha, the vali of Erzeroum. And with his permission I mention this significant fact. "Mr. Dawson will not contradict this," said Reouf, "for he is a man of high personal honor."

Then I contend that the first and prime

high personal honor."
Then I contend that the first and prime responsibility for all the horrors which have taken place in Asia Minor rests with the Armenian revolutionists, and not with the Turks.

Disappointed.

Disappointed.

A little anecdote about Mr. Gladstone in the Chap-Book makes itself welcome by touching the great man's humorous side. The premier was invited to attend one of Punch's famous dinners. He was to meet Harry Furniss, who had, as one might say, discovered the Gladstone collar, and was in the habit of caricaturing the statesman weekly by representing him almost buried in his own collar.

Mr. Furniss had, of course, been told that he was to meet Mr. Gladstone; and the entire company looked forward with amusement to the night when the ideal and the actual should thus confront each other.

other.

The evening came, and Mr. Gladstone with it; but he wore a little band of white linen behind which not even the lobe of the ear could be concealed. He had appreciated the situation and provided for it.

No Bad Breaks.

From the Baltimore News.

"Johnny! Johnny! didn't I ask you once to stop whistling at the table?"

"Yes'm."

"Well, do you want me to ask you again?" again?"
"No'm. I don't want you to make no bad

breaks." "Bad breaks! What do you mean, Johnny?"
"Well'm, you said it was very impolite to "Well'm, you said it was very impolite to ask for things twice at the table."